

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549**

FORM 8-K

**CURRENT REPORT
Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d)
of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): August 16, 2023

DAY ONE BIOPHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction
of incorporation)

001-40431
(Commission
File Number)

83-2415215
(IRS Employer
Identification No.)

2000 Sierra Point Parkway, Suite 501
Brisbane, California
(Address of principal executive offices)

94005
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (650) 484-0899

N/A
(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, par value \$0.0001 per share	DAWN	Nasdaq Global Select Market

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§ 230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§ 240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.

On August 16, 2023, Day One Biopharmaceuticals, Inc. (the “Company”) issued a press release announcing it had entered into a license agreement and research collaboration with Sprint Bioscience (“Sprint”) for Sprint’s VRK1 program. The Company also updated its corporate presentation to reflect the VRK1 program.

A copy of the press release is attached as Exhibit 99.1 to this report. A copy of the updated presentation is attached as Exhibit 99.2 to this report.

The information in this Current Report on Form 8-K, including Exhibits 99.1 and 99.2 to this report, shall not be deemed to be “filed” for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section or Sections 11 and 12(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”). The information contained in this Current Report on Form 8-K and in the accompanying Exhibits 99.1 and 99.2 shall not be incorporated by reference into any other filing under the Exchange Act or under the Securities Act, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing.

Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits.

Exhibit No.	Description
99.1	Press Release, dated August 16, 2023
99.2	Corporate Presentation
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document)

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

DAY ONE BIOPHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

Date: August 16, 2023

By: /s/ Charles N. York II, M.B.A.

Charles N. York II, M.B.A.
Chief Operating Officer and Chief Financial Officer



Day One Announces VRK1 License Agreement and Research Collaboration with Sprint Bioscience

Day One receives an exclusive license to develop and commercialize small molecule drug candidates for pediatric and adult cancers with high unmet need

Collaboration augments Day One's portfolio of targeted therapies in oncology

BRISBANE, Calif., Aug. 15, 2023 – Day One Biopharmaceuticals (Nasdaq: DAWN), a clinical-stage biopharmaceutical company dedicated to developing and commercializing targeted therapies for people of all ages with life-threatening diseases, today announced it has entered into an exclusive, worldwide license agreement and research collaboration with Sprint Bioscience for its VRK1 program.

Vaccinia-related kinase 1 (VRK1) is a novel target involved in the regulation of cell division and DNA damage repair. Over-expression of VRK1 is linked to poor prognosis in a variety of adult and pediatric cancers, and VRK1 has been identified as a synthetic lethal target in tumors where expression of its paralog, VRK2, is lost. Silencing of VRK2 expression via promoter methylation has been noted in the majority of high-grade gliomas and high-risk neuroblastomas, providing a concrete approach for selecting patients with tumors sensitive to VRK1 inhibition.

“This collaboration is an important continuation of measured portfolio development at Day One, which focuses on targeted therapies for children and adults with cancer in need of novel treatment approaches,” said Dr. Samuel Blackman, co-founder and head of research and development, Day One. “We look forward to collaborating with Sprint Bioscience, who has strong discovery and research expertise, and working to advance the VRK1 program through lead optimization and into the clinic.”

Under the terms of the agreement, Day One will make an upfront payment of \$3 million to Sprint Bioscience and reimburse Sprint Bioscience for pre-clinical research and development expenses. Sprint Bioscience will be eligible to receive additional milestone payments of up to approximately \$313 million plus single-digit royalties pending achievement of certain research, development, regulatory and commercial outcomes.

About Day One Biopharmaceuticals

Day One Biopharmaceuticals is a clinical-stage biopharmaceutical company that believes when it comes to pediatric cancer, we can do better. We put kids first and are developing targeted therapies that deliver to their needs. Day One was founded to address a critical unmet need: the dire lack of therapeutic development in pediatric cancer. The Company's name was inspired by “The Day One Talk” that physicians have with patients and their families about an initial cancer diagnosis and treatment plan. Day One aims to re-envision cancer drug development and redefine what's possible for all people living with cancer—regardless of age—starting from Day One.

Day One partners with leading clinical oncologists, families, and scientists to identify, acquire, and develop important emerging cancer treatments. The Company's lead product candidate, tovorafenib, is an investigational, oral, brain-penetrant, highly-selective type II pan-RAF kinase inhibitor. The Company's pipeline also includes pimasertib, an investigational, oral, highly-selective small molecule inhibitor of mitogen-activated protein kinases 1 and 2 (MEK-1/-2). Day One is based in Brisbane, California. For more information, please visit www.dayonebio.com or find the company on LinkedIn or Twitter.

Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This press release contains "forward-looking" statements within the meaning of the "safe harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including, but not limited to: Day One's plans to develop cancer therapies, the results of Day One's VRK1 program and its collaboration with Sprint Bioscience, expectations from current clinical trials, the execution of the Phase 2 and Phase 3 clinical trials for tovorafenib as designed, any expectations about safety, efficacy, timing and ability to complete clinical trials, release data results and to obtain regulatory approvals for tovorafenib and other candidates in development, and the ability of tovorafenib to treat pLGG or related indications.

Statements including words such as "believe," "plan," "continue," "expect," "will," "develop," "signal," "potential," or "ongoing" and statements in the future tense are forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties, as well as assumptions, which, if they do not fully materialize or prove incorrect, could cause our results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements.

Forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that may cause Day One's actual activities or results to differ significantly from those expressed in any forward-looking statement, including risks and uncertainties in this press release and other risks set forth in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including Day One's ability to develop, obtain regulatory approval for or commercialize any product candidate, Day One's ability to protect intellectual property, the potential impact of global business or macroeconomic conditions, including as a result of inflation, rising interest rates, instability in the global banking system, and geopolitical conflicts and the sufficiency of Day One's cash, cash equivalents and investments to fund its operations. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date hereof and Day One specifically disclaims any obligation to update these forward-looking statements or reasons why actual results might differ, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law.

DAY ONE MEDIA

Laura Cooper, Head of Communications
media@dayonebio.com

DAY ONE INVESTORS

LifeSci Advisors, PJ Kelleher
pkelleher@lifesciadvisors.com

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Day One Biopharmaceuticals

Targeted Therapies for People of All Ages

August 2023

Disclaimer

This presentation and the accompanying oral commentary contain forward-looking statements that are based on our management's beliefs and assumptions and on information currently available to our management. Forward-looking statements are inherently subject to risks and uncertainties, some of which cannot be predicted or quantified. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as "may," "will," "should," "could," "expect," "plan," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "predict," "intend," "potential," "would," "continue," "ongoing" or the negative of these terms or other comparable terminology. Forward-looking statements include all statements other than statements of historical fact contained in this presentation, including information concerning our future financial performance, including the sufficiency of our cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments to fund our operations, business plans and objectives, timing and success of our planned nonclinical and clinical development activities, the results of any of our strategic collaborations, including the potential achievement of milestones and provision of royalty payments thereunder, timing and results of nonclinical studies and clinical trials, efficacy and safety profiles of our product candidates, execution of the Phase 2 and Phase 3 clinical trials for tovorafenib and the Phase 1b/2 clinical trial for tovorafenib and pimasertib as designed, any expectations about safety, efficacy, timing and ability to complete clinical trials and to obtain regulatory approvals for tovorafenib and other candidates in development, the ability of tovorafenib to treat pediatric low-grade glioma (pLGG) or related indications, the potential therapeutic benefits and economic value of our product candidates, potential growth opportunities, competitive position, industry environment and potential market opportunities, our ability to protect intellectual property and the impact of global business or macroeconomic conditions, including as a result of inflation, rising interest rates, instability in the global banking system, and geopolitical conflicts, including the war in Ukraine, on our business and operations.

Forward-looking statements are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other factors. It is not possible for our management to predict all risks, nor can we assess the impact of all factors on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements we may make. These factors, together with those that are described under the heading "Risk Factors" contained in our most recent Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and other documents we file from time to time with the SEC, may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially and adversely from those anticipated or implied by our forward-looking statements.

In addition, statements that "we believe" and similar statements reflect our beliefs and opinions on the relevant subject. These statements are based upon information available to us as of the date of this presentation, and although we believe such information forms a reasonable basis for such statements, such information may be limited or incomplete, and our statements should not be read to indicate that we have conducted a thorough inquiry into, or review of, all potentially available relevant information. These statements are inherently uncertain and investors are cautioned not to unduly rely upon these statements. Furthermore, if our forward-looking statements prove to be inaccurate, the inaccuracy may be material. In light of the significant uncertainties in these forward-looking statements, you should not regard these statements as a representation or warranty by us or any other person that we will achieve our objectives and plans in any specified time frame, or at all. We undertake no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law.

This presentation also contains estimates and other statistical data made by independent parties and by us relating to market size and growth and other data about our industry. This data involves a number of assumptions and limitations, and you are cautioned not to give undue weight to such estimates. In addition, projections, assumptions and estimates of our future performance and the future performance of the markets in which we operate are necessarily subject to a high degree of uncertainty and risk.

Cancer Drug Development For People Of All Ages

Mission That Creates Value

- Day One's mission is to help children with cancer, from day one and every day after
- Develop medicines for genomically-defined cancers
- Establish first-in-class position through rapid pediatric registration
- Expand to adolescent and adult populations in parallel and pursue those opportunities with the same commitment we do for children

Tovorafenib (DAY101) Lead Program

- Investigational, oral, CNS-penetrant Type II RAF inhibitor
- Being developed as tablets and pediatric-friendly liquid suspension
- Breakthrough Therapy Designation
- Rare Pediatric Disease Designation
- Orphan Drug Designation (US/EU)

Growing Portfolio and Runway Beyond Clinical Milestones

- Two clinical-stage MEKi assets, in-licensed for combination trials
- Research collaboration and license agreement for preclinical program targeting VRK1
- Projected cash runway into 2026
- Key FIREFLY-1 milestones
 - Initiated rolling NDA in May 2023¹
 - Expected completion of rolling NDA by October 2023 following submission of an amended clinical study report²

¹NDA data set will include analysis of primary (ORR by RANO-HGG) and secondary (ORR by RAPNO-LGG, PFS) efficacy endpoints, safety, and exploratory analyses (including ORR by RANO-LGG). ²Amended clinical study report will include safety and efficacy data from a planned June 2023 data cutoff.

Our Pipeline

Product Candidate	Indication	Preclinical	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	Recent & Anticipated Milestones
Tovorafenib (DAY101) Type II Pan-RAF Inhibitor <ul style="list-style-type: none"> FDA Breakthrough Therapy Designation for relapsed pLGG FDA Rare Pediatric Disease Designation (PRV Eligible) for pLGG FDA Orphan Drug Designation for malignant glioma EC Orphan Designation for glioma 	Relapsed pLGG	FIREFLY-1 ¹ (pivotal)				Initiated rolling NDA: May 2023 New clinical data presented: June 2023 Expected rolling NDA complete: October 2023
	Frontline pLGG	FIREFLY-2 (pivotal)				First patient dosed: March 2023
	RAF-altered solid tumors ² (monotherapy)	FIRELIGHT-1*				First patient dosed: November 2021 Poster presented: April 2023
Pimasertib MEK 1/2 Inhibitor	MAPK-altered solid tumors ³ (Combo w/tovorafenib)	FIRELIGHT-1*				First patient dosed: May 2022
VRK1 Program⁴ VRK1 Inhibitor	Pediatric and adult cancers					In-licensed: August 2023

Tovorafenib (DAY101)

Type II RAF Inhibitor

Pediatric Low-Grade Glioma (pLGG): The Most Common Type Of Brain Tumor In Children

PLGGs are chronic and relentless, with patients suffering profound tumor and treatment-associated morbidity that can impact their life trajectory over the long term⁶

A Serious and Life-Threatening Disease

- An estimated 26,000 children/young adults are living with *BRAF*-altered pLGGs in the U.S. today^{1,2}
- Surgery plays a significant role in treatment, but 70% of patients require systemic therapy^{3,4}
- For the majority of patients in the relapse setting, there is no standard of care and no approved therapies
- ~70% of pLGGs have *BRAF* alterations, of these ~85% are *BRAF* fusions and ~15% are *BRAF* V600E mutations⁵
- Majority of patients have many years of treatment until the tumors typically senesce by their mid-20s

Disease Symptoms⁷

Cerebral gliomas:

Seizures, muscle weakness, behavioral changes

Hypothalamic gliomas:

Endocrine dysfunction and visual deficits

Optic pathway gliomas:

Decreased vision (acuity and/or fields), bulging or misalignment of eyes



Cerebellar gliomas:

Impaired balance, coordination or depth perception

Brain stem gliomas:

Difficulty swallowing or with speech, abnormal breathing

¹ CBTRUS, Qaddoumi et al 2009, Schreck et al 2019, ClearView Analysis; ² SEER US complete prevalence counts of patients aged under 25 with Brain and Other Nervous Systems tumors as of January 1, 2017. Estimated prevalence are Day One calculations based on publicly available data. ³ Ostrum QT et al., *Neuro Oncol.* 2015; 16(Suppl 10):x1-x36; ⁴ De Blank P. et al., *Curr Opin Pediatr.* 2019 Feb; 31(1):21-27. ⁵ Jones DTW et al., *Cancer Res.* 2008; 68:8673-77. ⁶ Traunwieser T et al., *Neurooncol Adv.* 2020; 2:vdad094. ⁷ Sievert AJ, Fisher MJ. Pediatric low-grade gliomas. *J Child Neurol.* 2009;24(11):1397-1408. doi:10.1177/0883073809342005.

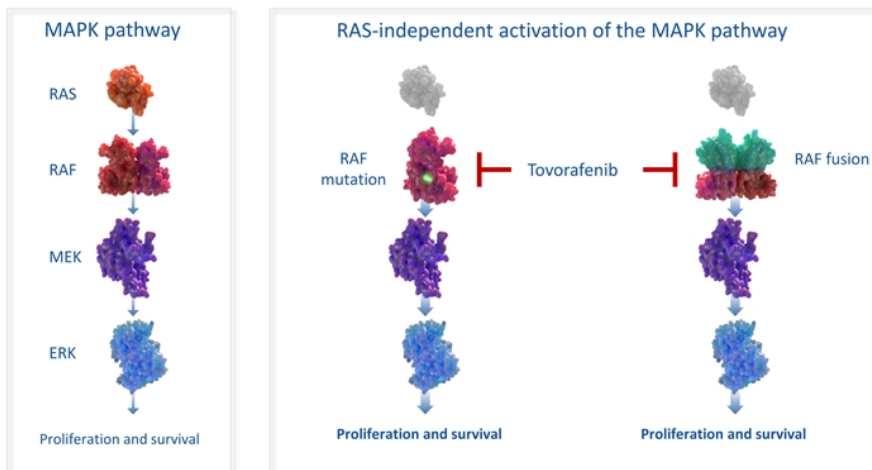
Current Treatments Can Be Disruptive To Childhood and Can Have Significant Long-Term Consequences

Surgery	Chemotherapy	Radiation	Targeted Therapies
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Significant recovery times• Risks of complications• Resection may be limited by location of tumor• Potential for functional deficits based on location of tumor and extend of resection	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Requirement for indwelling catheter and weekly infusions• Neutropenia• Hypersensitivity reactions• Nausea and vomiting• Peripheral neuropathy	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Risk of secondary malignancy• Risk of malignant transformation• Risk of vascular proliferation and stroke• Neurocognitive impact, depending on location of tumor and radiation field	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Rash• Fever• Vomiting• Fatigue• Anemia• Nail infections• Ophthalmologic toxicity• Cardiac toxicity

High unmet need for an effective therapy for the majority of pLGG relapsed or progressive patients that is minimally disruptive to their lives.

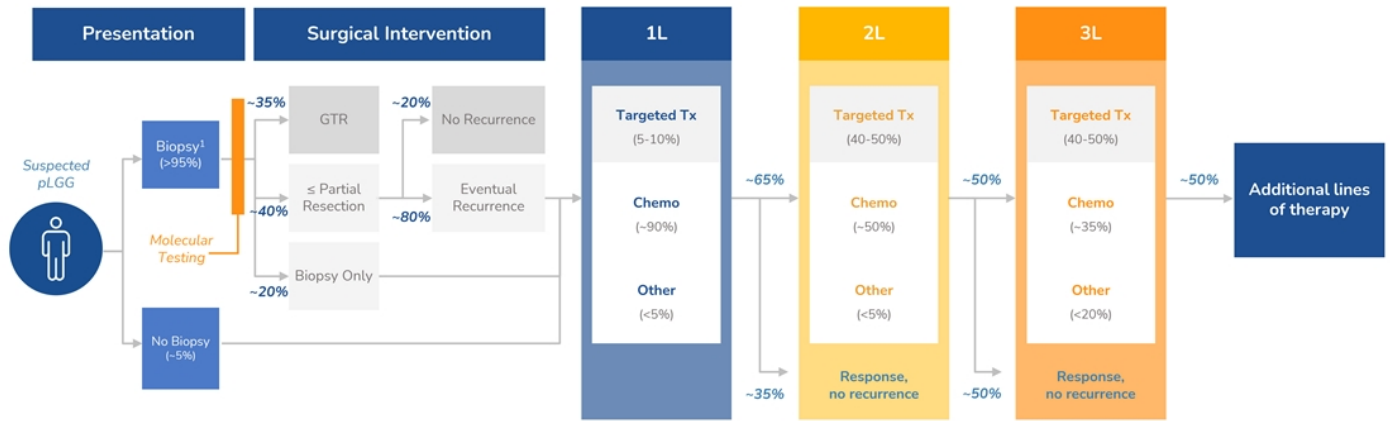
Source: 1. Heltzer AM, Raghobar K, Ris MD, et al. Neuropsychological functioning following surgery for pediatric low-grade glioma: a prospective longitudinal study. *J Neurosurg Pediatr.* 2019;1-9. doi:10.3171/2019.9.PEDS19357. 2. Bryant R. Managing side effects of childhood cancer treatment. *J Pediatr Nurs.* 2003;18(2):113-125. doi:10.1053/jpdn.2003.11. 3. Zahnreich S, Schmidberger H. Childhood cancer: occurrence, treatment and risk of second primary malignancies. *Cancers (Basel).* 2021;13(11):2607. doi:10.3390/cancers13112607. 4. National Cancer Institute. Fertility issues in girls and women with cancer. <http://www.cancer.gov>. Accessed June 13, 2022. 5. Alessi L, Caroleo A.M., de Palma L, Mastronuzzi A, Pro S., Colafati G.S., Boni A., Della Vecchia N., Velardi M., Evangelisti M., et al. Short and Long-Term Toxicity in Pediatric Cancer Treatment: Central Nervous System Damage. *Cancers.* 2022;14:1540. doi: 10.3390/cancers14061540.

Tovorafenib (DAY101) Inhibits Both BRAF Fusions And BRAF V600 Mutations



- **Tovorafenib (DAY101) is an investigational, oral, selective, CNS-penetrant, type II pan-RAF inhibitor that was designed to inhibit both monomeric and dimeric RAF kinase**
 - Activity in tumors driven by both RAF fusions and BRAF V600E mutations
 - Tablet and pediatric-friendly liquid suspension
 - Once weekly dosing
- **Currently approved type I BRAFi are indicated for use in patients with tumors bearing BRAF V600E mutations**
 - Type I BRAF inhibitors cause paradoxical MAPK activation in the setting of wild-type RAF, increasing the risk of tumor growth in BRAF fusion-driven

The Current pLGG Treatment Paradigm Reflects The Unrelenting Nature Of This Chronic Brain Tumor



Because many pLGGs undergo senescence when patients reach their 20s, the goal of therapy is to **maximize tumor control** while **minimizing treatment-associated toxicities** from surgery, chemotherapy, and radiation. As a result, a large number of pLGG patients will undergo **multiple lines of systemic therapy** over the course of their disease.

Pivotal Phase 2 Trial Of Monotherapy Tovorafenib (DAY101) In Relapsed Or Progressive pLGG (FIREFLY-1)



Trial Design

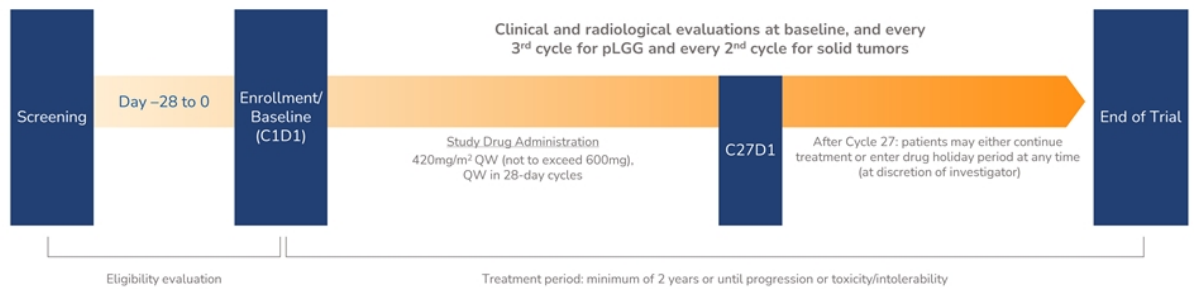
- Three arm, open-label, global registrational phase 2 trial
- **Pivotal Arm 1 (recurrent/progressive pLGG, n=77): harboring a KIAA1549-BRAF fusion or BRAF V600E mutation**
- Arm 2 (expanded access recurrent/progressive LGG, n=59): harboring an activating RAF alteration
- Arm 3 (extracranial solid tumors): harboring an activating RAF fusion

Endpoints (Pivotal Arm 1)

- **Primary endpoint: ORR based on RANO-HGG¹, assessed by blinded independent central review**
- Secondary endpoints: ORR by RAPNO-LGG² assessed by blinded independent central review; PFS, DoR; TTR, CBR; safety
- Exploratory analyses: ORR and CBR by RANO-LGG³ assessed by blinded independent central review

Key Inclusion Criteria

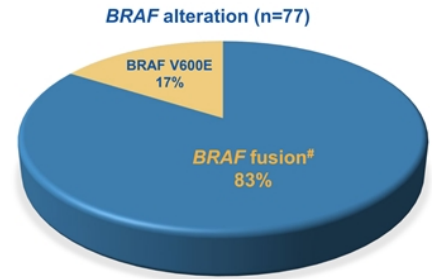
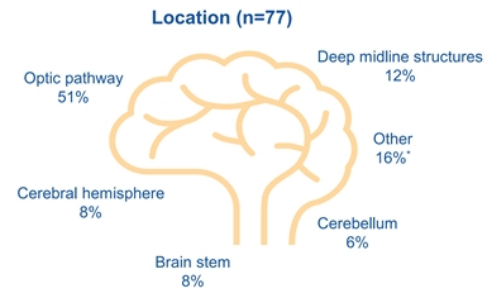
- 6 months – 25 years of age
- RAF-altered tumor
- ≥1 prior line of systemic therapy with radiographic progression
- Prior use of MAPK pathway targeted therapy was permitted



Dec 22, 2022 data cutoff. ¹ Wen PY, et al. *J Clin Oncol.* 2010;28(11):1963-1972. ² Fangusaro J, et al. *Lancet Oncol.* 2020;21(6):e305-316. ³ van den Bent MJ, et al. *Lancet Oncol.* 2011;12(6):583-593. Abbreviations: CBR, clinical benefit rate; IRC, independent review committee; C, cycle; D, day; LGG, low-grade glioma; ORR, objective response rate; PFS, progression-free survival; DoR, duration of response; QW, once weekly; TTR, time to response; RANO, Response Assessment in Neuro-Oncology; RAPNO, Response Assessment in Pediatric Neuro-Oncology; MAPK, mitogen-activated protein kinase. For more information, please refer to NCI Thesaurus 5485.

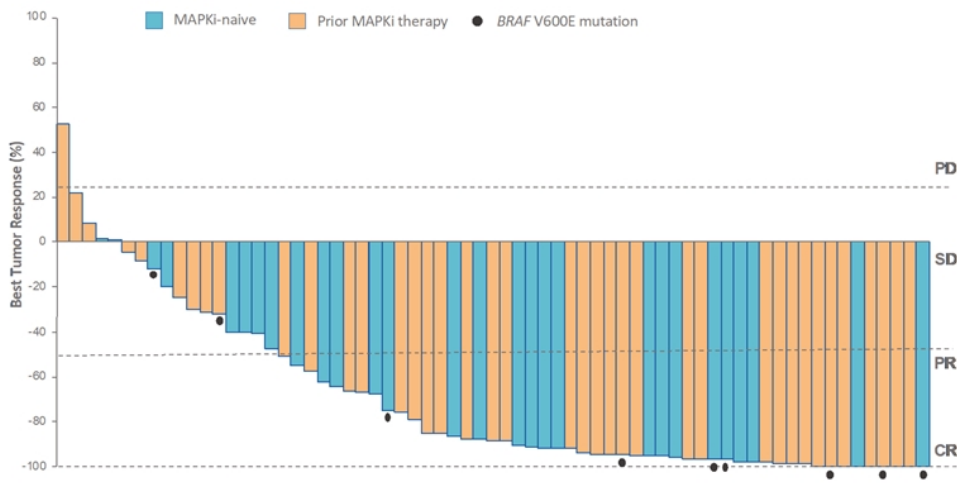
FIREFLY-1 Baseline Patient Characteristics

Characteristic	Arm 1 (n=77)
Median age, years (range)	8 (2-21)
Sex, n (%)	
Male	40 (52)
Female	37 (48)
Race, n (%)	
Black or African American	2 (3)
Asian	5 (6)
White	41 (53)
Multiple	3 (4)
Other	6 (8)
Not reported	20 (26)
Number of lines of prior systemic therapy	
Median (range)	2 (1-9)
1, n (%)	18 (23)
2, n (%)	21 (27)
≥3, n (%)	38 (49)
Prior MAPK pathway targeted therapy, n (%)	46 (60)



Dec 22, 2022 data cutoff. *Includes tumors that were extending into multiple regions of the brain, leptomeningeal disease, and/or spinal disease. #Includes 6 patients with BRAF duplication and 2 with BRAF rearrangement per FISH (Fluorescence in situ hybridization) or ISH (in situ hybridization). MAPK, mitogen-activated protein kinase.

Tumor Response To Tovorafenib (DAY101) For All Patients With RANO-HGG Evaluable Lesions (n=69)

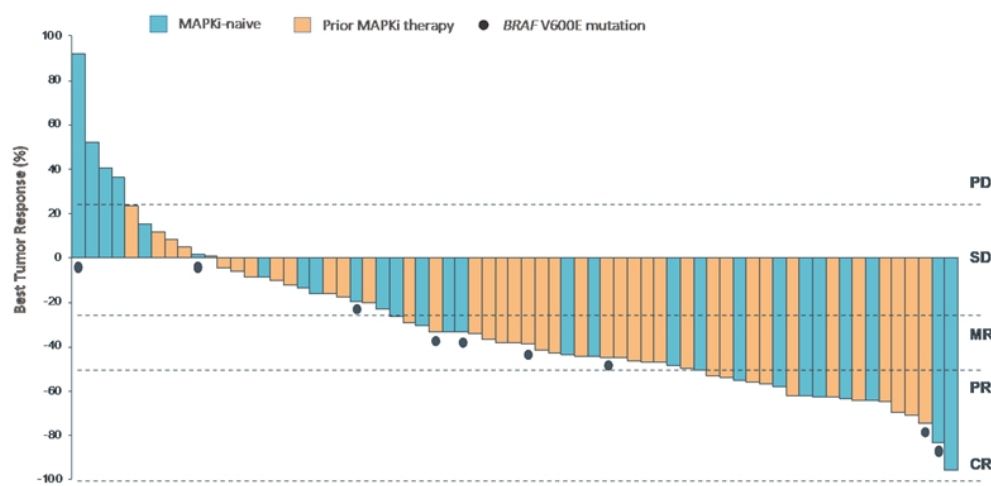


Response (IRC)	RANO-HGG ¹ Evaluable n=69
ORR (cCR + cPR + uPR), n (%)	46 (67%)*
Clinical benefit rate, n (%)	64 (93%)
cCR, cPR/uPR, or SD	49 (71%)
cCR, cPR/uPR, or SD for 12 mo+	
Best overall response, n (%)	
CR	4 (6%)
PR (includes 3 uPR)	42 (61%)
SD	18 (26%)
PD	4 (6%)
Not evaluable	1 (1%)

All 3 patients with uPR remain on treatment as of May 23, 2023

Dec 22, 2022 data cutoff. Percents may not add to 100% due to rounding. Two of 69 patients are not shown in the waterfall plot; one patient passed away due to progressive disease (not related to tovorafenib) before the first imaging assessment and one did not receive T1 Gd+ follow-up imaging. *P<0.001 from two-sided exact binomial test to test null hypothesis of ORR=21% based on Bouffet et al.^{2,3} Wen PY, et al. J Clin Oncol. 2010;28(11):1963-1972. ³ Bouffet E, et al. J Clin Oncol. 2012;30(12):1358-1363. CBR, clinical benefit rate; cCR, confirmed completed response; cPR, confirmed partial response; CR, complete response; HGG, high-grade glioma; IRC, independent radiology review committee; MAPKi, mitogen-activated protein kinase inhibitor; MR, minor response; ORR, overall response rate; PD, progressive disease; PR, partial response; RANO, Response Assessment in Neuro-Oncology; SD, stable disease; uPR, unconfirmed partial response. There are 17 patients with stable disease of less than 12 months duration and at the time of the data cutoff, 11 remain on treatment.

Tumor Response To Tovorafenib (DAY101) For All Patients With RAPNO-LGG Evaluable Lesions (n=69*)

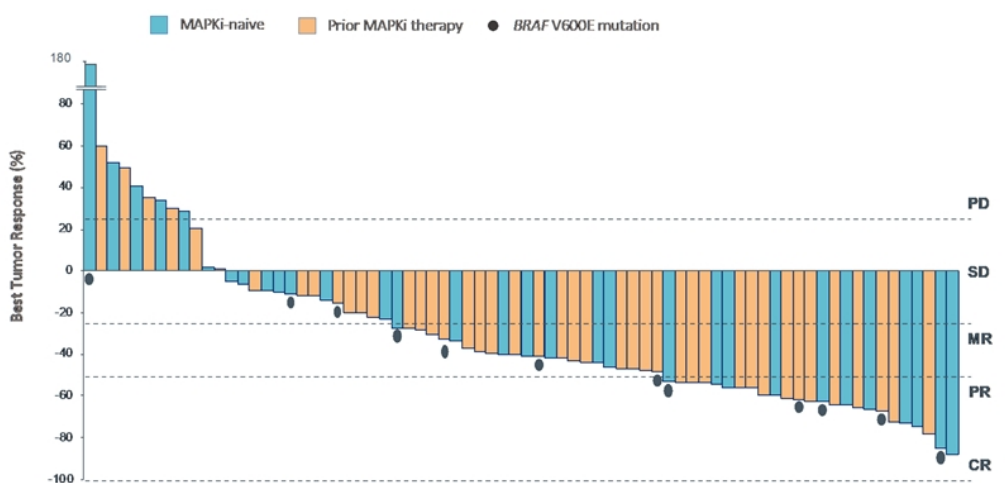


Response (IRC)	RAPNO-LGG ¹ Evaluable n=69
ORR (cCR + cPR/uPR + cMR/uMR), n (%)	35 (51%)
Clinical benefit rate, n (%)	
cCR, cPR/uPR, cMR/uMR, or SD	60 (87%)
cCR, cPR/uPR, cMR/uMR, or SD for 12mo+	36 (52%)
Best overall response, n (%)	
CR	0 (0%)
PR (includes 4 uPR)	17 (25%)
MR (includes 4 uMR)	18 (26%)
SD	25 (36%)
PD*	8 (12%)
Not evaluable	1 (1%)

All 4 patients with uPR and 3 patients with uMR remain on treatment as of May 23, 2023

Dec 22, 2022 data cutoff. Percents may not add to 100% due to rounding. Two of 69 patients not shown in waterfall plot; one patient passed away due to progressive disease (not related to tovorafenib) before the first imaging assessment and one patient had visual progressive disease but no evaluable T2 measurements at the time of progression. *Pending adjudication. ¹Fangusaro J, et al. Lancet Oncol. 2020;21(6):e305-316. *PD for RAPNO-LGG was not used to determine treatment discontinuation; patients could continue treatment if there was no PD based on RANO-HGG per investigator's assessment. CBR, clinical benefit rate; cCR, confirmed complete response; cMR, confirmed minor response; cPR, confirmed partial response; CR, complete response; HGG, high-grade glioma; IRC, independent radiology review committee; LGG, low-grade glioma; MAPKi, mitogen-activated protein kinase inhibitor; MR, minor response; ORR, overall response rate; PD, progressive disease; PR, partial response; RANO, Response Assessment in Neuro-Oncology; RAPNO, Response Assessment in Pediatric Neuro-Oncology; SD, stable disease; uMR, unconfirmed minor response; uPR, unconfirmed partial response. There are 28 patients with stable disease of less than 12 months duration and at the time of the data cutoff, 11 remain on treatment.

Tumor Response To Tovorafenib (DAY101) For All Patients With RANO-LGG Evaluable Lesions (n=76)

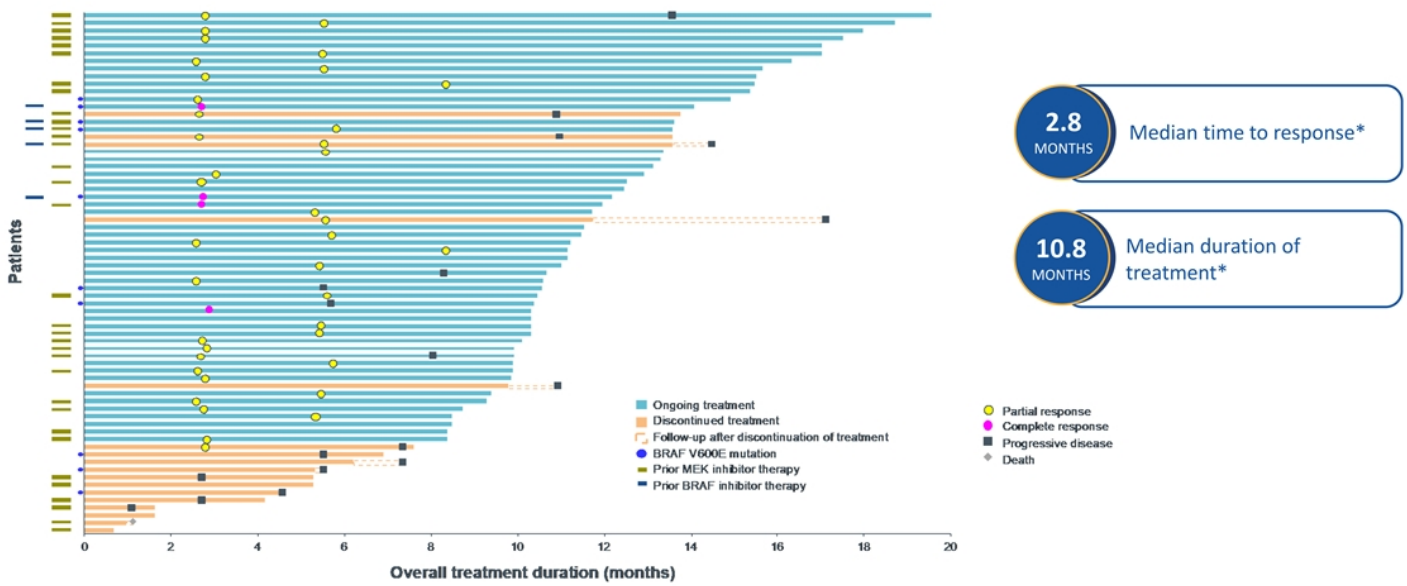


Response (IRC)	RANO-LGG ¹ Evaluable n=76
ORR (cCR + cPR/uPR + cMR/uMR), n (%)	37 (49%)
Clinical benefit rate, n (%)	
cCR, cPR/uPR, cMR/uMR, or SD	63 (83%)
cCR, cPR/uPR, cMR/uMR, or SD for 12mo+	39 (51%)
Best overall response, n (%)	
CR	0 (0%)
PR (includes 8 uPR)	20 (26%)
MR (includes 2 uMR)	17 (22%)
SD	26 (34%)
PD ^a	11 (14%)
Not evaluable ^b	2 (3%)

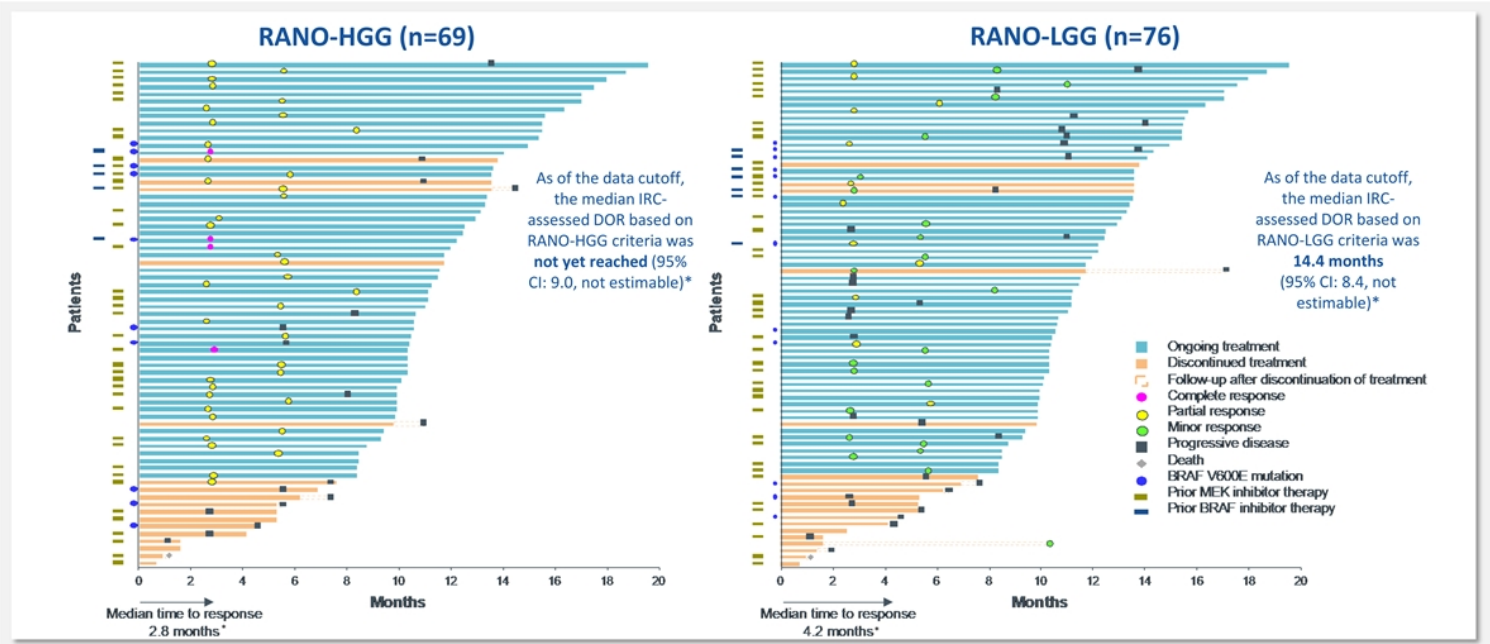
All 8 patients with uPR and 2 patients with uMR remain on treatment as of May 23, 2023

Dec 22, 2022 data cutoff. Percents may not add to 100% due to rounding. ^aPD for RANO-LGG was not used to determine treatment discontinuation; patients could continue treatment if there was no PD based on RANO-HGG per investigator's assessment. ^bTwo of 76 patients are not shown in the waterfall plot; one patient passed away due to progressive disease (not related to tovorafenib) before the first imaging assessment, and one patient with missing T1 Gd+ imaging at baseline was deemed NE at all timepoints but had a best SPPD decrease of 65% on T2 imaging. ¹van den Bent MJ, et al. *Lancet Oncol.* 2011;12(6):583-593. BL, baseline; CBR, clinical benefit rate; cCR, confirmed completed response; cMR, confirmed minor response; cPR, confirmed partial response; CR, complete response; HGG, high-grade glioma; IRC, independent radiology review committee; LGG, low-grade glioma; MAPKi, mitogen-activated protein kinase inhibitor; MR, minor response; ORR, overall response rate; PD, progressive disease; PR, partial response; RANO, Response Assessment in Neuro-Oncology; SD, stable disease; SPPD, sum of the products of perpendicular diameters; uMR, unconfirmed minor response; uPR, unconfirmed partial response. There are 27 patients with stable disease of 12 months duration and at the time of the data cutoff, 19 remain on treatment.

Duration Of Tovorafenib (DAY101) Therapy For All Patients With RANO-HGG Evaluable Lesions (n=69)

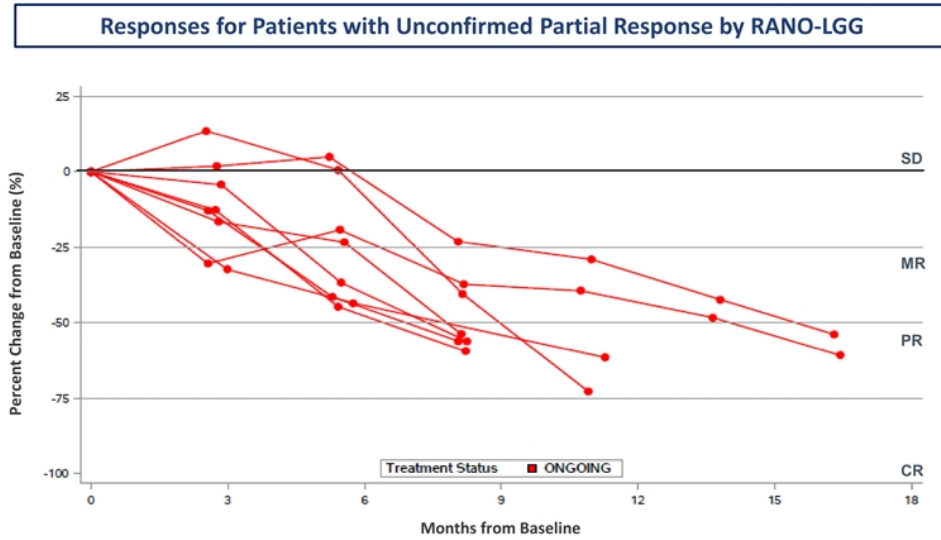


Duration Of Tovorafenib (DAY101) Therapy For All Patients With RANO-HGG & RANO-LGG Evaluable Lesions



* Analysis for median time to response and median duration of response only included confirmed responses. BOR is shown; circles indicate start of response. PD for the purpose of treatment was based on RANO-HGG, not RANO-LGG. BOR, best overall response; HGG, high-grade glioma; LGG, low-grade glioma; PD, progressive disease; RANO, Response Assessment in Neuro-Oncology; DOR, duration of response; CI, confidence interval.

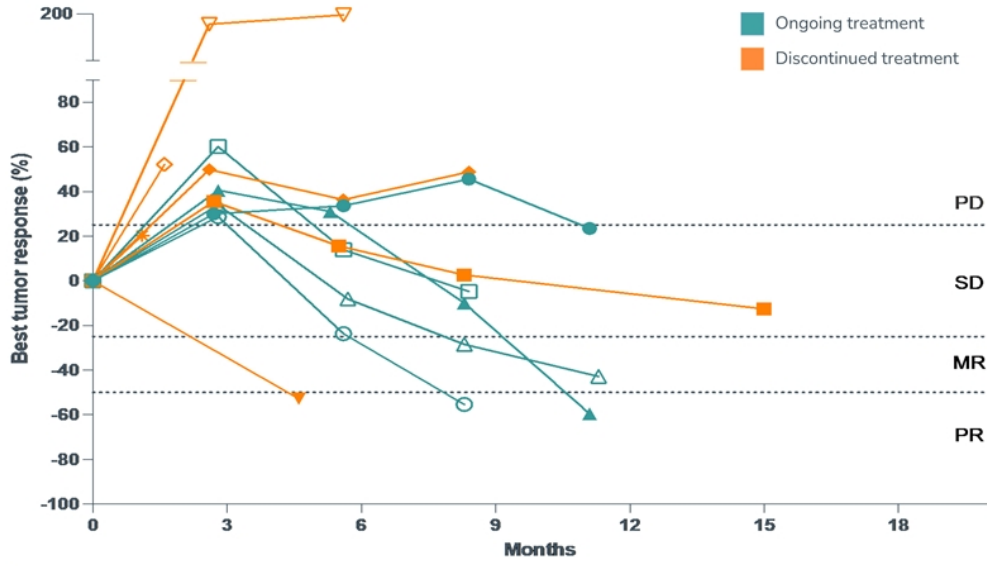
All RANO-LGG Unconfirmed PR Patients Continue On Treatment With Demonstrable Deepening Of Response (n=8)



All 8 patients with unconfirmed partial response by RANO-LGG remain on treatment as of May 23, 2023

Spider plot for SPPD – baseline and after treatment (RANO-LGG by IRC) – unconfirmed PR patients EOT status based on May 23, 2023 EDC data. Individual patient response data is current as of the data cutoff of December 22, 2022; treatment status data is current as of May 23, 2023.

Nearly Half Of Patients With Best Response Of PD By RANO-LGG Have Tumor Stabilization And Response With Continued Treatment (n=11)



5/11 patients with best response of PD by RANO-LGG remain on treatment as of May 23, 2023

Individual patient response data is current as of the data cutoff of December 22, 2022; treatment status data is current as of May 23, 2023.
Day One Biopharmaceuticals




Tovorafenib (DAY101) Safety Data (n=136)

Preferred term, n (%)	Treatment-emergent AEs		Treatment-related AEs	
	Any grade	Grade ≥3	Any grade	Grade ≥3
Any AE	136 (100)	68 (50)	133 (98)	47 (35)
Hair color changes	96 (71)	-	96 (71)	-
Fatigue	68 (50)	4 (3)	54 (40)	4 (3)
Vomiting	59 (43)	3 (2)	24 (18)	3 (2)
Rash maculo-papular	56 (41)	10 (7)	51 (38)	10 (7)
Headache	53 (39)	1 (1)	27 (20)	-
Pyrexia	43 (32)	2 (1)	15 (11)	1 (1)
Nausea	40 (29)	-	21 (15)	-
Dry skin	39 (29)	-	34 (25)	-
Dermatitis acneiform	37 (27)	1 (1)	36 (26)	1 (1)
Constipation	36 (26)	-	28 (21)	-
Decreased appetite	35 (26)	4 (3)	25 (18)	3 (2)
Epistaxis	34 (25)	-	22 (16)	-

- The vast majority of treatment-emergent AEs were Grade 1 or 2
- 39 patients (29%) required dose modifications due to treatment-related AEs
- Dose interruptions were brief, with the median time of dose interruption being 2 weeks
- 5 patients (4%)* discontinued due to AE, with 4 patients (3%) discontinuing due to treatment-related AEs
- The most commonly reported lab abnormalities were CPK elevation, anemia, hypophosphatemia, and AST elevation
- Nearly all had no clinical manifestations and did not require clinical intervention or change in study treatment

Incidence And Prevalence Of BRAF-Altered pLGG In The U.S.

	2020 Estimated Incidence Under 25	2017 Estimated SEER Prevalence Under 25
US Population ¹	~105,000,000	NA
Rate of CNS Tumors (0.00521%) ²	~5,500	~130,000 ³
Gliomas (63%) ²	~3,500	~82,000
Low Grade (77%) ²	~2,600	~63,000
Has Received Drug Tx (58%) ²	~1,500	~36,000
BRAF Altered (70%) ²	~1,100	~26,000



~1,100
Estimated Annual Incidence

~26,000
Estimated Prevalence

¹ US Census; ² CBTRUS, Qaddoumi et al 2009, Schreck et al 2019, ClearView Analysis; ³ SEER US complete prevalence counts of patients aged under 25 with Brain and Other Nervous Systems tumors as of January 1, 2017. Estimated annual incidence and estimated prevalence are Day One calculations based on publicly available data.

Key Takeaways From FIREFLY-1 Data And Next Steps

- Clinically meaningful data from FIREFLY-1 for pediatric patients with recurrent or progressive LGG harboring *BRAF* fusions or *BRAF* V600E mutations
 - 67% ORR and 93% clinical benefit rate by RANO-HGG
 - 51% ORR and 87% clinical benefit rate by RAPNO-LGG*
 - 49% ORR and 83% clinical benefit rate by RANO-LGG
- Responses were observed in patients with either *BRAF* fusion or *BRAF* V600E mutations
- Rapid time to response regardless of response assessment criteria[#]
- Responses seen in a heavily-pretreated population where the majority of patients relapsed or progressed after one or more prior MAPK inhibitors
- Encouraging safety and tolerability profile indicating monotherapy tovorafenib to be generally well-tolerated

Next Steps

- Expected completion of rolling NDA by October 2023 following submission of an amended clinical study report (CSR)
- CSR will include safety and efficacy data from a planned June 2023 data cutoff

FIREFLY-2/LOGGIC

Pivotal Phase 3 Trial of Tovorafenib (DAY101) in Frontline pLGG

FIREFLY-2/LOGGIC Pivotal Phase 3 Trial Of Tovorafenib (DAY101) In Frontline pLGG

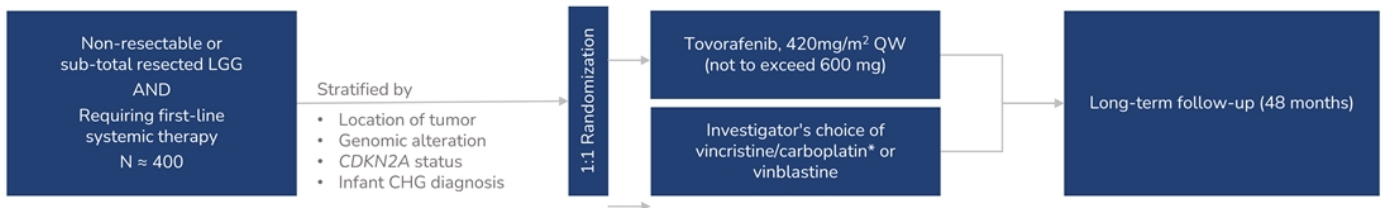


Trial Design

- Randomized, global, registrational Phase 3 trial of monotherapy tovorafenib (DAY101) vs SoC chemotherapy
- Eligibility: Patients aged 6 months to <25 years with LGG harboring a RAF alteration and requiring first-line systemic therapy
- Tovorafenib (DAY101) available as tablets and pediatric-friendly liquid suspension
- Patients who progress after stopping tovorafenib (DAY101) may be re-challenged
- Patients who progress in the SoC arm during or post-treatment may cross-over to receive tovorafenib

Endpoints

- **Primary endpoint: ORR based on RANO-LGG criteria, assessed by blinded independent central review¹**
 - The ORR primary analysis is expected to occur ~12 months after the last patient randomized
- Key secondary endpoints: PFS and DoR by RANO criteria, ORR by RAPNO criteria
- Other secondary endpoints: changes in neurological and visual function, safety, and tolerability
- Key exploratory objectives: QoL and health utilization measures



* COG or SIOPe-LGG regimen. Abbreviations: CHG, chiasmatic, hypothalamic glioma; DoR, duration of response; LGG, low-grade glioma; ORR, objective response rate; QoL, quality of life; QW, once weekly; SoC, standard of care. ¹ Primary endpoint of FIREFLY-2 will be ORR by RANO-LGG (2017) following full approval by FDA on March 16, 2023 of dabrafenib with trametinib in pediatric patients with low-grade glioma with a BRAF V600E mutation who require systemic therapy based on a study with the same primary endpoint.

FIRELIGHT-1

Phase 1b/2 Trials Evaluating Tovorafenib (DAY101) as a
Monotherapy and as a Combination with Pimasertib

Phase 2 Study Of Monotherapy Tovorafenib (DAY101) In Solid Tumors (FIRELIGHT-1)

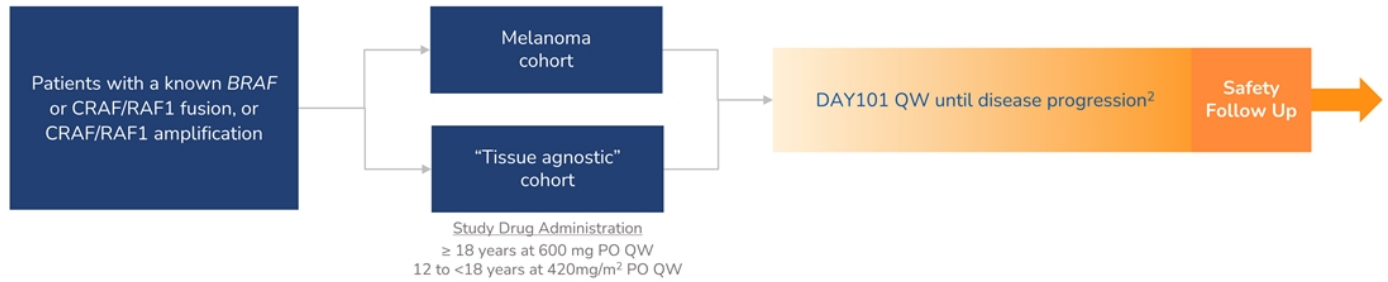


Trial Design¹

- Single arm, open-label, global phase 1b/2a trial
- n = 40 patients (approximately)
- Eligibility: Patients aged 12 years and older with non-hematologic tumor with an activating BRAF fusion, CRAF/RAF1 fusion, or CRAF/RAF1 amplification

Endpoints

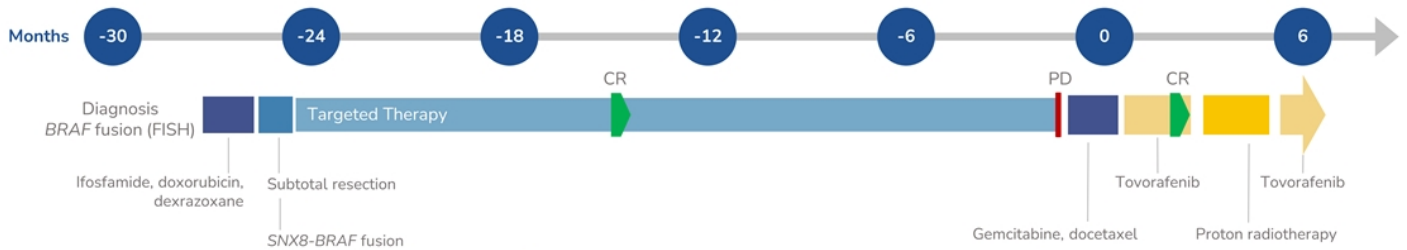
- Primary endpoint: ORR by RECIST version 1.1 for non-CNS solid tumors and RANO-HGG criteria for any CNS tumors
- Secondary endpoints: safety and additional efficacy parameters



Abbreviations: ORR, objective response rate; QW, once weekly; PO, by mouth; BRAF, B-Raf proto-oncogene. ¹Umbrella master study – DAY101-102 (main protocol) DAY101 and MAPK pathway aberration, Sub-study 1 monotherapy (DAY101-102a), Sub-study 2 MEK combo (DAY101-102b). ²DAY101 QW until disease progression, intolerable toxicity, withdrawal of consent, or death

Activity of Tovorafenib (DAY101) In SNX8:BRAF Fusion Spindle Cell Sarcoma

A male child spindle cell sarcoma, 5-years of age at diagnosis



Baseline		After 2 cycles of tovorafenib	

- After the first dose of tovorafenib (DAY101), the patient experienced grade 2 rash, which resolved in a day following a dose of diphenhydramine
- Radiotherapy-related adverse events included hyperpigmentation overlying the spine on the upper back with no skin breaks, and mild dysphagia

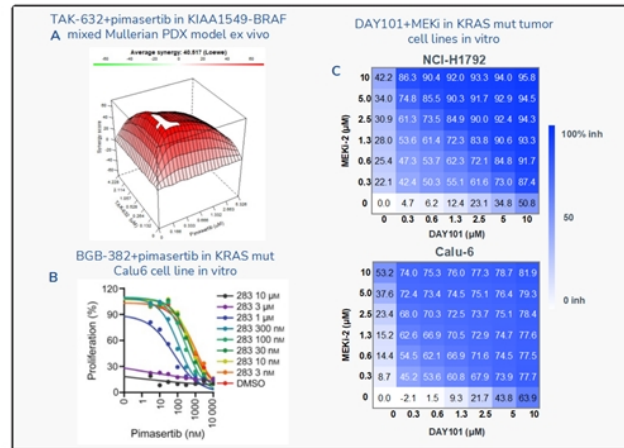
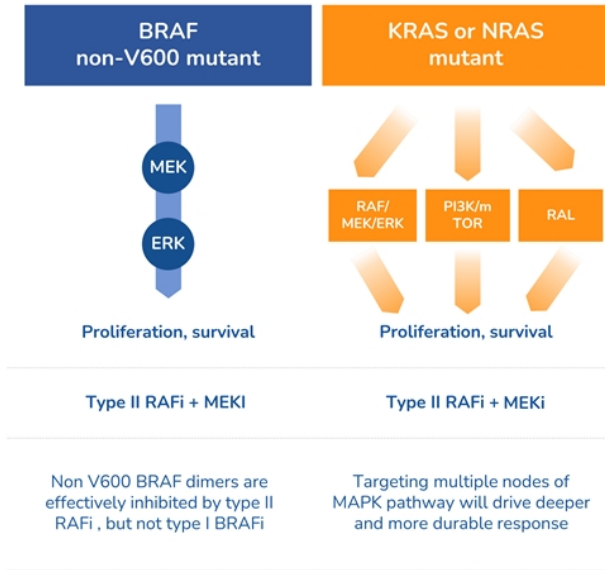
Pimasertib

MEK1/2 Inhibitor

Pimasertib: Investigational Allosteric MEK1/2 Inhibitor With Demonstrated Activity In MAPK-Driven Solid Tumors

- Pimasertib is an investigational orally-bioavailable, selective, non-competitive MEK1/2 inhibitor in-licensed from Merck KGaA in February 2021
- Extensive non-clinical and clinical development work through Phase 2, including a solid tumor trial in Japan and combinations with other MOAs
- Main AEs typical for all in-class allosteric MEK inhibitors (GI, CPK elevation, skin rash, visual disturbances)
- Nearly three-fold higher CNS penetration than other MEKi inhibitors (trametinib or selumetinib)
- Pimasertib showed monotherapy clinical activity, including an improvement in median PFS versus dacarbazine in NRAS mutant melanoma
- Combination with tovorafenib (DAY101) and other targeted therapies may unlock the full value of pimasertib in advanced solid tumors

Vertical MAPK Pathway Inhibition With Tovorafenib (DAY101) And Pimasertib May Unlock Potential Synergy For Adult Solid Tumors



- A** Pan-RAFi + MEKi is synergistic in BRAF fusion melanoma PDX model ex vivo (internal data)
- B** Sensitivity of KRAS Q61 mutant cells to pimasertib is enhanced when cells are treated with the type II BRAF inhibitor BGG-283 (Yuan et al., Mol Onc 2020)
- C** Tovorafenib (DAY101) + MEK inhibitor is synergistic in KRAS G12C and Q61 mutant tumor cells (Venetsanos et al., 2021 AACR poster presentation)

Tovorafenib (DAY101) / Pimasertib Combination To Be Evaluated In Solid Tumors (FIRELIGHT-1)

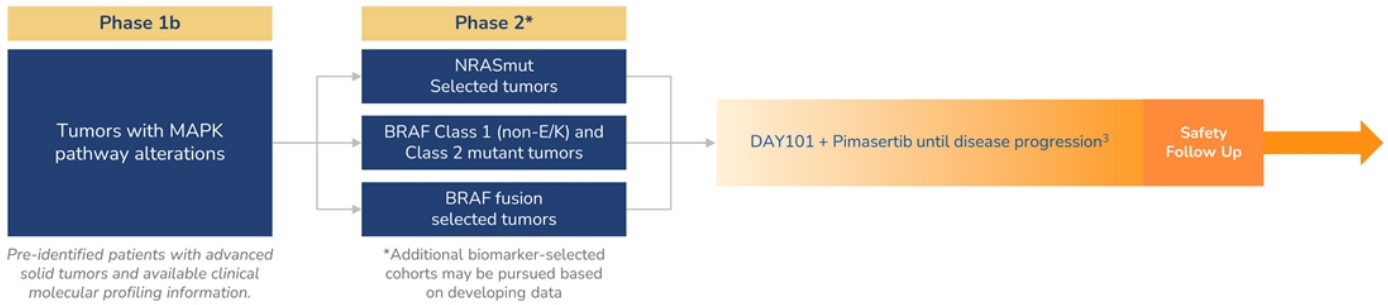


Trial Design¹

- Combination dose escalation, global phase 1b/2 trial²
- Phase 1b, BOIN (adaptive), n = 10/cohort (approximately)
- Phase 2, Simon 2-stage, n = 25/cohort (approximately)
- Eligibility: Patients aged 12 years and older, dose escalation will be performed in advanced solid tumor patients with any MAPK alteration. Expansion cohorts will focus on indications with a potential path to accelerated approval

Endpoints

- Phase 1b: PK, PD and Safety, MTD/RP2D
- Phase 2: Efficacy (ORR, DOR)



Abbreviations: BOIN, Bayesian Optimal Interval Design; BRAF, B-Raf proto-oncogene, serine/threonine kinase; MAPK, mitogen-activated protein kinase; NRAS, neuroblastoma rat sarcoma viral oncogene.
¹Umbrella master study – DAY101-102 (main protocol) DAY101 and MAPK pathway aberration, Sub-study 1 monotherapy (DAY101-102a), Sub-study 2 MEK combo (DAY101-102b).
²Intend to open U.S. and ex-U.S. clinical sites. ³DAY101 + Pimasertib until disease progression, intolerable toxicity, withdrawal of consent, or death

Summary

Financial Summary: DAWN

Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments
as of June 30, 2023: \$442.9 million (no debt)

~87.0 million shares of common stock
outstanding as of August 1, 2023

\$ Millions	Six Months Ended 6/30/23	Six Months Ended 6/30/22
R&D Expense	\$60.0	\$37.6
G&A Expense	\$35.1	\$26.9
Net Loss	\$88.3	\$64.3

Projected cash runway into 2026

FIREFLY-1: Pivotal Phase 2 clinical trial of tovorafenib (DAY101)

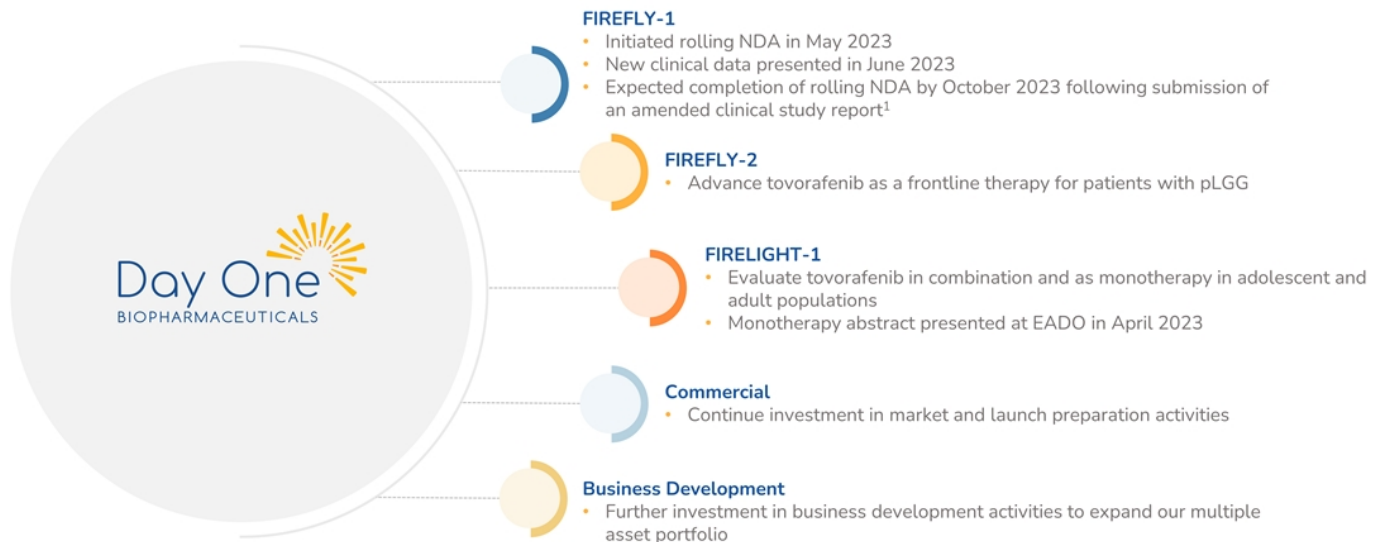
- Initiated rolling NDA¹ in May 2023
- New clinical data presented in June 2023
- Expected completion of rolling NDA by October 2023 following submission of an amended clinical study report²

FIREFLY-2/LOGGIC: Pivotal Phase 3 clinical trial of tovorafenib (DAY101) in newly diagnosed pLGG

- First patient dosed in March 2023

All financial and share information is unaudited. ¹NDA data set will include analysis of primary (ORR by RANO-HGG) and secondary (ORR by RAPNO, PFS) efficacy endpoints, safety, and exploratory analyses (including ORR by RANO-LGG).
²Amended clinical study report will include safety and efficacy data from a planned June 2023 data cutoff.

Next Steps

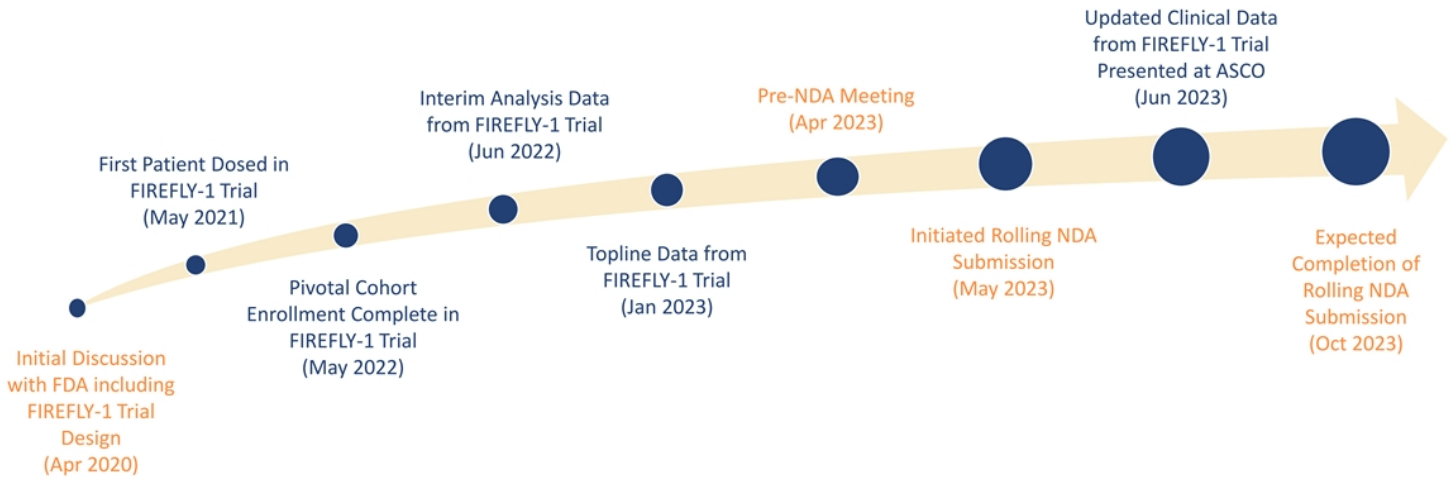




Appendix

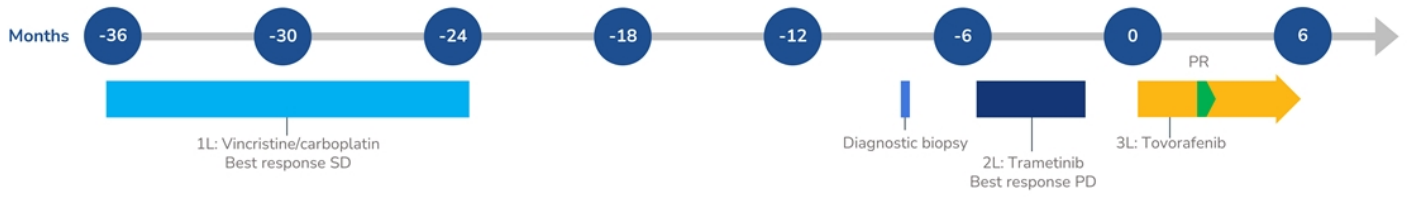


Progress Of FIREFLY-1 Program: Monotherapy Tovorafenib In Relapsed pLGG

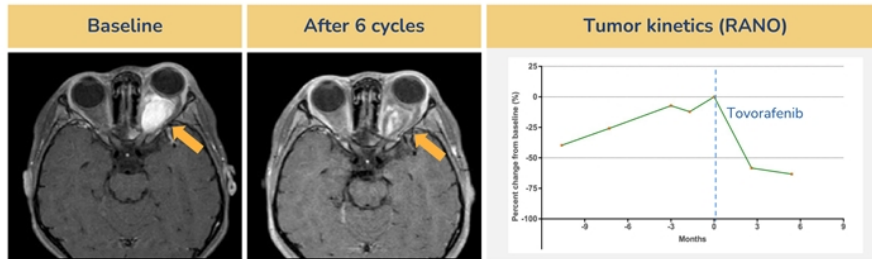


Case Study: Activity Of Tovorafenib (DAY101) In KIAA1549-BRAF Fusion Optic Pathway Glioma

A 7-years-old female child with an optic pathway glioma, with very poor vision, entropion, folliculitis, eczema, mouth ulceration and xerosis

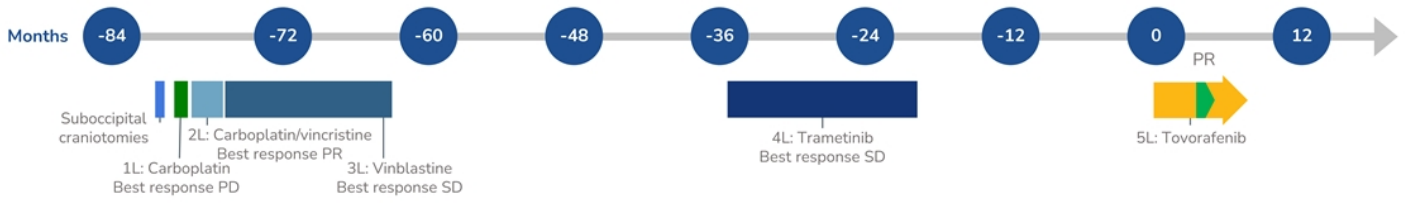


- PR (-58%) and improvement in vision reported at cycle 3
- AEs included grade 3 erythematous rash requiring dose interruption and dose reduction (400 mg QW to 300 mg QW in cycle 1), and grade 2 eczema and maculopapular rash
- Patient continues to receive weekly tovorafenib

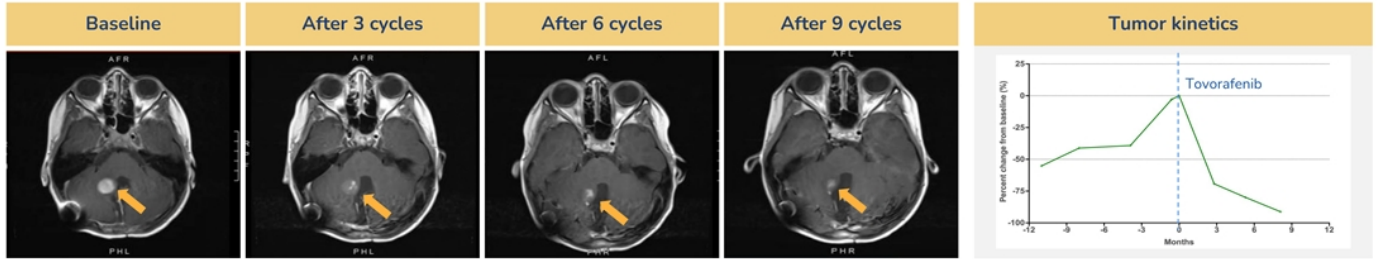


Case Study: Activity Of Tovorafenib (DAY101) In KIAA1549-BRAF Fusion Posterior Fossa Pilocytic Astrocytoma

An 8-years-old female child with a posterior fossa pilocytic astrocytoma, eczema, nausea and constipation



- PR (-69%) at cycle 3 with 500 mg QW tovorafenib, with a deepening of response (80% and 91% in cycles 6 and 9, respectively) over time
- AEs included grade 2 decrease in neutrophil count, pustular rash, and upper respiratory infection
- Patient continues to receive weekly tovorafenib

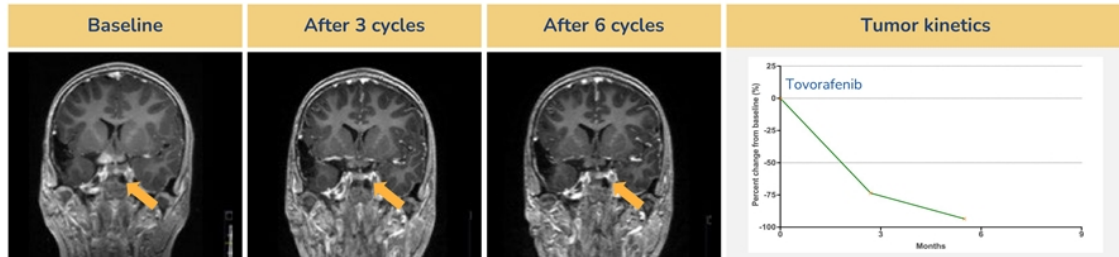


Case Study: Activity Of Tovorafenib (DAY101) In BRAF V600E Mutation Deep Midline Astrocytoma

A 9-year-old female child with deep midline BRAF V600E-mutant astrocytoma with precocious puberty

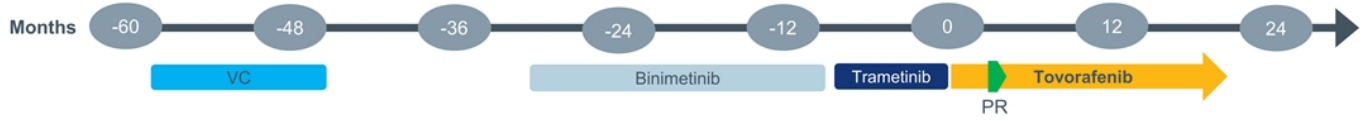


- PR (-74%) at cycle 3, with a deepening of response (-94%) at cycle 6
- AEs included grade 3 maculopapular rash and increased CPK, requiring drug interruption and dose reduction (500 mg QW to 400 mg QW in cycle 1)
- Tovorafenib dose was re-escalated back to 500 mg QW in cycle 4; patient continues on treatment

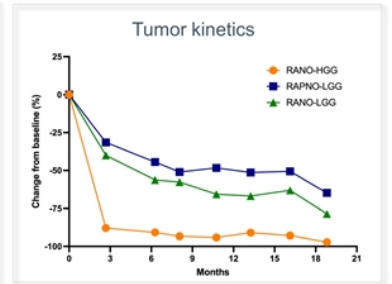
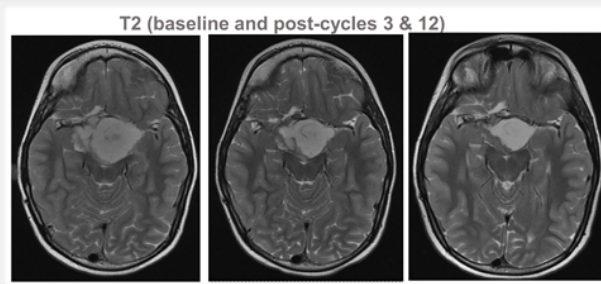
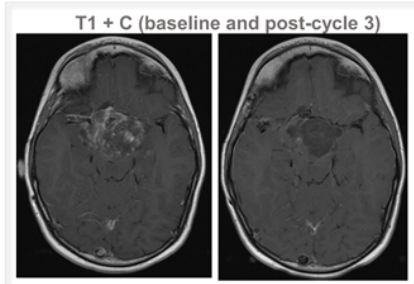


Case Study: Activity Of Tovorafenib (DAY101) In KIAA1549-BRAF Fusion Optic Pathway Glioma

8-year-old boy with relapsed pilomyxoid astrocytoma of the optic pathway, with visual loss in right eye, visual field loss in left eye, fatigue, intermittent nausea/vomiting, intermittent headaches, anorexia, and temperature regulation disorder



- Initiated treatment with tovorafenib 400 mg/QW following 3 prior therapies, including binimetinib and trametinib, which were discontinued due to PD
- At cycle 3, **PR** (-88%) per RANO-HGG, and **MR** (-32% and -40%) per RAPNO-LGG and RANO-LGG, respectively
 - Sustained improvements in visual acuity reported; logMAR change 0.2 → 0
 - PD criteria met (-94% to -91%) with RANO-HGG at cycle 15; continued treatment as investigator deemed no radiographic progression with subsequent reduction in target lesion (-97%)
- AEs were G2 (drug eruption, elevated CPK) and G1 (hair color change, paronychia, growth retardation)



Dec 22, 2022, data cut-off. AEs, adverse events; C, contrast; CPK, creatine phosphokinase; G, grade; HGG, high-grade glioma; LGG, low-grade glioma; logMAR, Logarithm of the Minimum Angle of Resolution; MR, minor response; PD, progressive disease; PR, partial response; QW, once weekly; RANO, Response Assessment in Neuro-Oncology; RAPNO, Response Assessment in Pediatric Neuro-Oncology; VC, vincristine-carboplatin.

FIREFLY-2/LOGGIC: Pivotal Phase 3 Study Of Tovorafenib (DAY101) In Newly Diagnosed pLGG

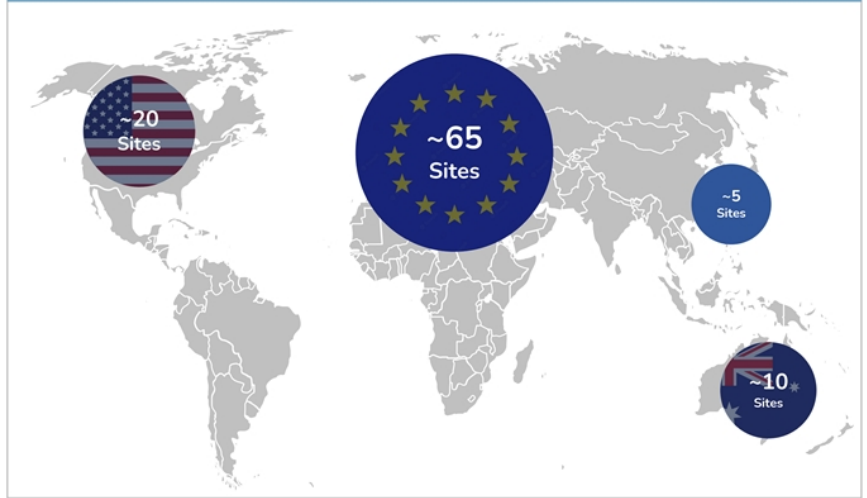
- Collaboration between Day One and the LOGGIC consortium, internationally recognized experts in pLGG research
 - Coupled with the LOGGIC-CORE molecular diagnostic program
 - Worked jointly on the study design and discussions with the U.S. and EU regulatory authorities

LOGGIC
EUROPE

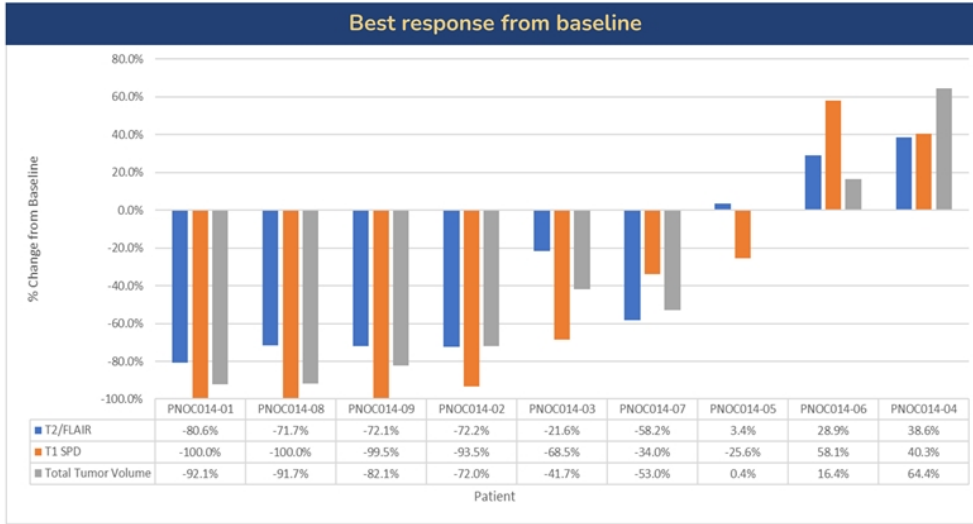
LOGGIC: LOW Grade Glioma In Children



Approximately 100 potential sites (~65 from the LOGGIC consortium)



Results From Independent Radiology Review Of PNOC014



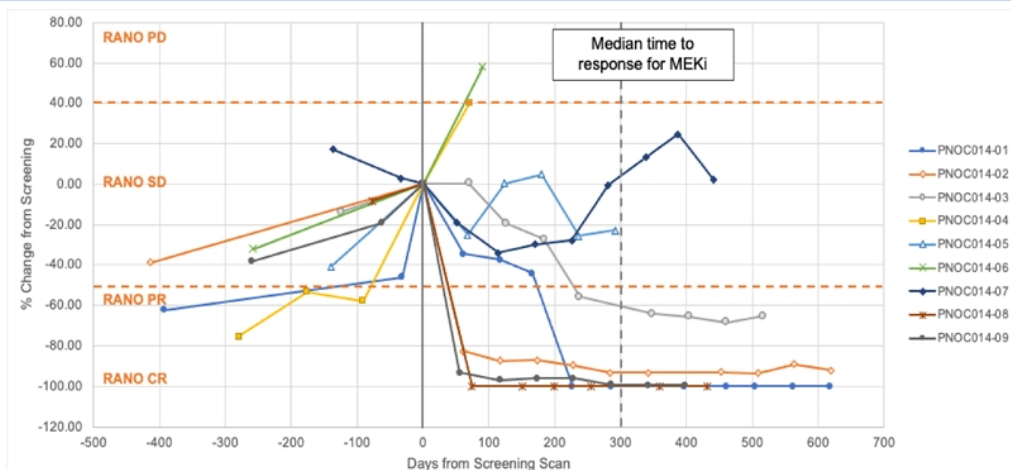
RANO-HGG: Response assessment for neuro-oncology-high grade glioma

Volumetric image analysis (exploratory)

RAPNO: Response assessment for pediatric neuro-oncology (exploratory)

Multiple Rapid, Deep And Durable Responses Observed Following Initiation Of Tovorafenib (DAY101) Treatment Of pLGG Patients In PNOC014

Growth kinetics of Target Lesions from Screening



Drug-related Adverse Events Observed for Tovorafenib (DAY101) in PNOC014 Showed Favorable Safety and Tolerability Profile in pLGG

DAY101 AE summary

- Most common toxicity: skin
- AEs reversible and all manageable
- Single, reversible Grade 3 event
- No Grade 4 AEs
- No dose reductions (vs. 40% of patients on selumetinib monotherapy required dose reductions)

Drug-related AEs for Tovorafenib (DAY101)

Toxicities	Grade 1-2	Grade 3	Grade 4
Anemia	6 (67%)		
Hypophosphatemia	4 (44%)		
Fatigue	5 (55%)		
Rash	8 (89%)		
Achromotrichia	7 (78%)		
Pruritis	6 (67%)		
Photosensitivity	1 (11%)		
Nevus	7 (78%)		
Alopecia	3 (34%)		
Epistaxis	2 (22%)		
Dry skin	3 (34%)		
Myalgias/artralgias	3 (34%)		
Anorexia	2 (22%)		
Cheilitis	3 (34%)		
Hypermagnesemia	1 (11%)		
Bleeding gums	1 (11%)		
Increased AST	4 (44%)		
Nausea/vomiting	3 (33%)		
CPK elevation		1 (11%)	
Weight loss	2 (22%)		

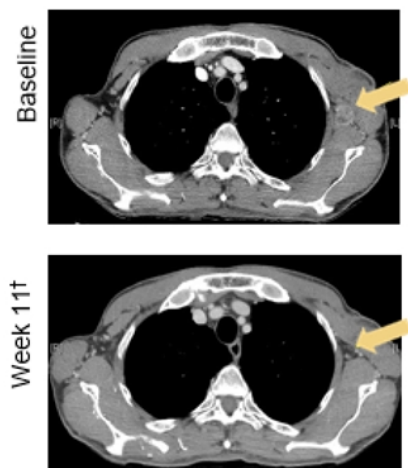
Drug-related AEs for selumetinib

Toxicities	Grade 1-2	Grade 3	Grade 4
Increased ALT	20 (40%)	1 (2%)	
CPK elevation	34 (68%)	5 (10%)	
Diarrhea	27 (54%)	2 (4%)	
Decreased ejection fraction	19 (38%)	1 (2%)	
Gastric haemorrhage		1 (2%)	
Headache	14 (28%)	1 (2%)	
Decreased lymphocyte count	19 (38%)		1 (2%)
Neutropenia	14 (28%)	3 (6%)	
Paronychia	19 (38%)	3 (6%)	
Rash (acneiform)	29 (58%)	2 (4%)	
Rash (maculopapular)	26 (52%)	5 (10%)	
Skin infection	7 (14%)	1 (2%)	
Tooth infection		1 (2%)	
Weight gain	5 (10%)	1 (2%)	
Vomiting	22 (44%)		
Nausea	21 (42%)		
Increased AST	25 (50%)		
Anemia	28 (56%)		
Pruritis	10 (20%)		
Dyspnea	30 (60%)		

Preliminary Clinical Activity Of Tovorafenib (DAY101) Monotherapy In BRAF Fusion Melanoma

Patient 1: 53-year-old male with AGK-*BRAF* fusion non-spitzoid cutaneous melanoma

Parameter	Description/outcome
Stage at diagnosis	III
EGOC status	0
Prior therapies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Multiple lymphadenectomies and skin lesion excision surgery Pembrolizumab (11 weeks): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Best response: SD
Tovorafenib treatment to date in FL-1 102a (melanoma cohort)*	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 600 mg QW 5 cycles with no dose interruption or modifications due to AEs
Antitumor activity results to date*	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> CR (11-week scan)[†]; confirmed at 16 weeks[‡]
Safety results to date*	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> TRAEs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Transient rash (G1 and G2) Anemia (G2) TEAE: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Neck pain (G1)

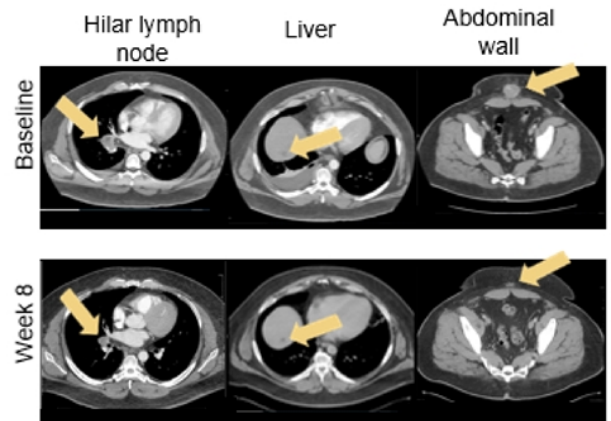


*Data cutoff Feb 8, 2023. †Out of window per protocol. ‡per RECIST v1.1. AE, adverse event; CR, complete response; ECOG, Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group; FL-1, FIRELIGHT-1; G, grade; QW, once weekly; RECIST, response evaluation criteria in solid tumors; SD, stable disease; TEAE, treatment-emergent adverse event; TRAEs, treatment-related adverse events; y/o, years of age.

Preliminary Clinical Activity Of Tovorafenib (DAY101) Monotherapy In BRAF Fusion Melanoma

Patient 2: 35-year-old male with TRIM33-BRAF fusion malignant melanoma

Parameter	Description/outcome
Stage at diagnosis	Unknown
EGOC status	1
Prior therapies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Radiation Nivolumab (12 mo, adjuvant setting): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> No best response, disease resected Nivolumab + ipilimumab (3 cycles): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Best response: PD after 2 mo
Tovorafenib treatment to date in FL-1 102a (melanoma cohort)*	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 600 mg QW 5 cycles with no dose interruption or modifications due to AEs
Antitumor activity results to date*	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> PR (8-week scan); confirmed at 16 weeks¹
Safety results to date*	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> TRAEs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rash - maculopapular (G1) Headache (G1) Fatigue (G1)



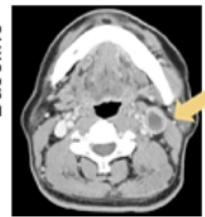
*Data cutoff Feb 8, 2023. ¹per RECIST v1.1. AE, adverse event; ECOG, Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group; FL-1, FIRELIGHT-1; G, grade; mo, months; PD, progressive disease; PR, partial response; QW, once weekly; RECIST, response evaluation criteria in solid tumors; TRAEs, treatment-related adverse events; y/o, years of age.

Preliminary Clinical Activity Of Tovorafenib (DAY101) Monotherapy In BRAF Fusion Melanoma

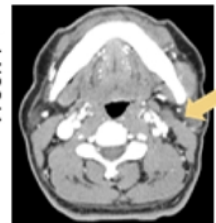
Patient 3: 71-year-old male with MKRN1-BRAF fusion non-spitzoid cutaneous melanoma

Parameter	Description/outcome
Stage at diagnosis	II
EGOC status	0
Prior therapies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Radiation Pembrolizumab (2 mo): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Best response: SD
Tovorafenib treatment to date in FL-1 102a (melanoma cohort)*	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 600 mg QW 3 cycles with no dose interruption or modifications due to AEs
Antitumor activity results to date*	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> PR (7-week scan)^{†,‡}; is awaiting a confirmatory scan
Safety results to date*	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> TRAEs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Urticaria (G1) Hand-foot syndrome (G1)

Baseline



Week 7 †



*Data cutoff Feb 8, 2023. †In window per protocol. ‡per RECIST v1.1. AE, adverse event; ECOG, Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group; FL-1, FIRELIGHT-1; G, grade; mo, months; PR, partial response; QW, once weekly; RECIST, response evaluation criteria in solid tumors; SD, stable disease; TRAEs, treatment-related adverse events; y/o, years of age.